## SAFETY DATA SHEET



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# Finish Powerball All in 1 tabs All scents

### 1. Identification of the material and supplier

**Names** 

Product name : Finish Powerball All in 1 tabs

All scents

**SDS #** : D8320232 v4.0

**Formulation #** : 8310734 v2.0 (fresh);

8310735 v2.0 (Lemon)

**Supplier** 

: AUSTRALIA

Reckitt Benckiser (Australia) Pty Limited

ABN: 17 003 274 655

680 George Street, Sydney NSW 2000

Tel: +61 (0)2 9857 2000

**NEW ZEALAND** 

Reckitt Benckiser (New Zealand) Limited

2 Fred Thomas Drive, Takapuna, Auckland, New Zealand 0622

Tel: +64 9 484 1400

Poison Information contact: : Australia - 13 11 26

New Zealand - 0800 764 766 or 0800 POISON

Material uses : Detergent for use in domestic automatic dishwashers

Product use : Consumer

### Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

: SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

**GHS label elements** 

Hazard pictograms



Signal word : WARNING

Hazard statements : Causes serious eye irritation.

**Precautionary statements** 

General : Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container

or label at hand.

Prevention : Not applicable.

Response : IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get

medical attention.

Storage: Not applicable.Disposal: Not applicable.Supplemental label: Not applicable.

elements

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## Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Additional information : Do not ingest.

Other hazards which do not : None known.

result in classification

### **Section 3. Composition and ingredient information**

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
sodium carbonate	≥30 - ≤60	497-19-8
disodium carbonate, compound with hydrogen peroxide (2:3)	≥10 - ≤30	15630-89-4
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),α-hydro-ω-hydroxy- Ethane-1,2-diol, ethoxylated	≤10	25322-68-3
Cellulose	≤3	9004-34-6

Other Non-hazardous ingredients to 100%

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** 

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

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### Section 4. First aid measures

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation: No specific data.Skin contact: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments** 

: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

### See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: No specific fire or explosion hazard.

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

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### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

#### **Small spill**

: Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Using a vacuum with HEPA filter will reduce dust dispersal. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

: Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

#### **Precautions for safe handling**

#### **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

## including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Do not store above the following temperature: 30°C (86°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### Do not store above the following temperature

: Daily average of 30 °C

## Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

### **Control parameters**

#### **Australia**

### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), $\alpha$ -hydro- $\omega$ -hydroxy- Ethane-1,2-diol, ethoxylated Cellulose	TRGS900 AGW (Germany, 11/2015).  TWA: 1000 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction PEAK: 8000 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: inhalable fraction Safe Work Australia (Australia, 1/2014).  TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: fibres

### **New Zealand**

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## Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Cellulose	NZ OSH (New Zealand, 2/2013).  WES-TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: The value for inhalable dust containing no asbestos and less than 1% free silica.
subtilisin	NZ OSH (New Zealand, 2/2013). Skin sensitizer. WES-Ceiling: 0.00006 mg/m³, (measured as 100% pure crystalline enzyme)

## Appropriate engineering controls

**Environmental exposure** controls

- : Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
- : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** 

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

#### **Skin protection**

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** 

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### **Appearance**

Physical state : Solid. [Tablet.]

Color : White. Blue. Red.

Odor : Fragrant.
Odor threshold : Not available.

**pH** : 10.5 [Conc. (% w/w): 10%]

Melting point : Not available.

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## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Boiling point : Not available.

Flash point : Closed cup: >93.3°C (>199.9°F)

Evaporation rate : Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.
Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limits

Vapor pressure: Not available.Vapor density: Not available.Relative density: Not available.

**Solubility** : Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Solubility in water : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n- : Not available.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

SADT : >55°C (>131°F)

Heat of reaction : < 300 J/g

Viscosity : Not available.

Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product may not be stable under certain conditions of storage or use. See

"Possibility of Hazardous Reactions" for further information.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Protect from moisture.

Incompatible materials : Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
sodium carbonate	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit Rat	>2000 mg/kg 2800 mg/kg	-
disodium carbonate, compound with hydrogen peroxide (2:3)	LD50 Oral	Rat	1034 mg/kg	-
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),α- hydro-ω-hydroxy- Ethane-1,2 -diol, ethoxylated	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Irritation/Corrosion** 

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## Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
sodium carbonate	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),α-hydro-ω-hydroxy- Ethane-1,2-diol, ethoxylated	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	500 milligrams	_

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.Eyes: Based on Calculation method: Causes serious eye irritation.Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Sensitization

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.Respiratory : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Mutagenicity
Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

**Aspiration hazard** 

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation: No specific data.Skin contact: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate : Not

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

**Long term exposure** 

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Route	ATE value
Oral	5132.6 mg/kg

## **Section 12. Ecological information**

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
sodium carbonate	Acute EC50 242000 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 176000 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 265000 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 300000 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Navicula seminulum Crustaceans - Amphipoda Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours 48 hours 48 hours 96 hours
disodium carbonate, compound with hydrogen peroxide (2:3)	Acute EC50 70 mg/l	Algae - Chlorella emersonii	240 hours
, , ,	Acute EC50 4.9 mg/l Acute LC50 70.7 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia Pulex Fish - Pimephales promelas	48 hours 96 hours
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),α-	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Salmo salar - Parr	96 hours

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## **Section 12. Ecological information**

hydro-ω-hydroxy- Ethane-1,2		
-diol, ethoxylated		

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
sodium carbonate	-	-	Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),α-hydro-ω-hydroxy- Ethane-1,2-diol, ethoxylated	-	3.2	low

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

### **Disposal methods**

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## 14. Transport information

Regulation	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
ADG	Not Regulated.	Not applicable.	Not available.	-		-
IMDG	Not Regulated.	Not applicable.	Not available.	-		-
IATA	Not Regulated.	Not applicable.	Not available.	-		-

PG\*: Packing group

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

> For long distance transport of bulk material or shrunk pallet take into consideration sections 7 and 10.

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### 14. Transport information

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons

Not scheduled

Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Scheduled Substances

No listed substance

Australia inventory (AICS) **New Zealand Inventory of** 

Chemicals (NZIoC)

: All components are listed or exempted. : All components are listed or exempted.

**HSNO Group Standard HSNO Approval Number** 

**Approved Handler** Requirement

: Cleaning Products : HSR002530

: No.

**Tracking Requirement** : No.

### Section 16. Any other relevant information

Key to abbreviations : ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) NOHSC = National Occupational Health and Safety Commission SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons

UN = United Nations

Date of issue / Date of

revision

: 11/06/2018

**Revision comments** : Update as per ANZ format.

Version : 4

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method

: Not available. References

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Please read all labels carefully before using product.

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